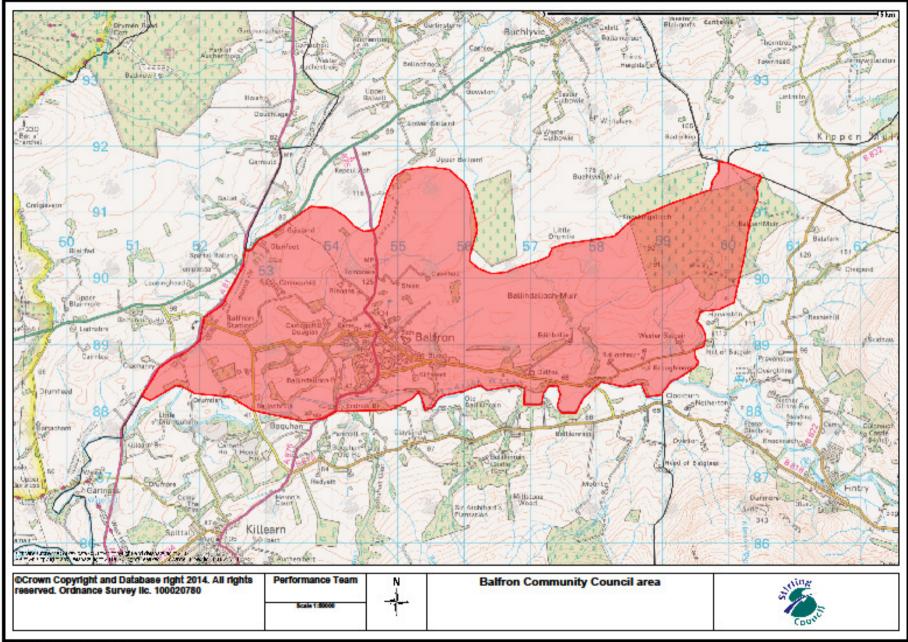


2011 Census Stirling

Community Council Area Profiles

Balfron,
Stirling Council area
and Scotland





1. Key statistics	2. Age structure	3. Household composition				
Balfron Community Council areaResident population2,061Males961Females1,100Area21 km²Persons per square km96Occupied households8342nd residence/ holiday home12Vacant households18In communal establishments9 persons	Persons % Stir % 0 to 4	9 1 person household Pensioner 129 15.5 13.0 7 1 person household non-pensioner 102 12.2 17.6 1 adult plus children 47 5.6 4.5 2 adults* or 2 adults 65+, no children 107 12.8 13.4 2 adults plus children 170 20.4 15.7 3 adults no children 137 16.4 19.5 3 or more adults plus children 46 5.5 4.4				
4. Household tenure	5. House type	6. Household size by number of rooms				
Owner occupied Rented from Council Other social rented* Private rented Other private rented Living rent free Total H'holds 601 72.1 66.2 14.8 71 14.8 71 10.8 71 10.8 71 10.8 72 10.8 72 10.8 73 10	House or Bungalow 362 41.9 32.3 32.5 32	1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 7 rooms 93 11.2 12.6 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5				
7. Car availability	8. Travel to work	9. Long-term health condition				
H'holds % Stir % Households with no cars Households with 1 car Households with 2 cars Households with 3 cars Households with 4+ cars All cars or vans in area H'holds % Stir % 113 13.5 22.3 22.3 35.1 28.3 41.6 25.9 1.8	Train 14 1.5 4.5 Bus, minibus or coach 28 2.9 4.5 Car or van - driving 628 65.9 60.2 Car or van - passanger 22 2.3 5.6	All people No condition 1,551 75.3 71.8 Cone or more conditions Deafness or partial hearing loss Blindness or partial sight loss Learning disability e.g. Down's Syndrome Learning difficulty e.g. Dyslexia Development disorder e.g. Autistic Spectrum 2,061 1,551 75.3 71.8 24.7 28.2 6.6 6.6 37 1.8 2.2 1.9 0.4 0.5				

10. Ethnic group	/ Religion		11. Economic activity				12. Employment by industry					
	Persons %	Stir %		Persons	%	Stir %		Persons	3 %	Stir %		
All residents	2,061		All persons 16 to 74	1,431			All persons 16 to 74 in employment	987		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
White	2,036 98.8	96.8	Economically Active				Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	30	3.0	2.5		
Asian	10 0.5	2.3	Employed full-time	559	39.1	36.7	Administrative and Support activities	56	5.7	4.2		
African/ Caribbean	9 0.4	0.3	Employed part-time	195	13.6	12.6	Manufacturing	49	5.0	6.1		
Other/ mixed	6 0.3	0.6	Self-employed	199	13.9	9.3	Construction	84	8.5	8.6		
			Unemployed	39	2.7	3.9	Wholesale and Retail trade	116	_			
Religion			Full-time student	44	3.1	5.6	Finance & Insurance & Real estate	33	3.3	6.0		
Church of Scotland	826 40.1	35.0	Economically Inactive				Professional, Scientific & Technical	56	5.7	5.2		
Roman Catholic	175 8.5	12.3	Retired	209	14.6	15.1	Public Admininstration and Defence	61	6.2	7.0		
Other Christian	127 6.2	-	Student	77	5.4	7.6	Education	133	13.5	10.2		
Other Religion	19 0.9	1.7	Looking after home or family	66	4.6	3.3	Health and Social Work	148	15.0	13.6		
No religion	763 37.0	8	Long-term sick or disabled	32	2.2	4.1	Accommodation and Food services	64				
Not answered	151 7.3	7.1	Other	11	8.0	1.9	Other	157	15.9	13.4		
13. Country of b	irth		14. Health/ Limiting cor		15. Occupation							
	Persons %	Stir %		Persons	%	Stir %		Persons	s %	Stir %		
All residents	2061		All residents	2,061			All persons 16 to 74 in employment	987		000		
Scotland	1698 82.4	79.8	Very good health	1,278	62.0	55.8	Managers, directors and senior officials	99	10.0	11.1		
England	237 11.5	11.7	Good health	560	27.2	29.0	Professional occupations	248	25.1	20.0		
Rest of UK	30 1.5	1.4	Fair health	165	8.0	10.8	Associate professional & technical	129	13.1	12.7		
Republic of Ireland	8 0.4	0.4	Bad health	48	2.3	3.5	Administrative & secretarial occupations	74	_			
EU Accession	9 0.4	1.1	Very bad health	10	0.5	1.0	Skilled trades	124	12.6	8		
Europe other	19 0.9	1.6					Caring, leisure and other occupations	111	11.2	8.7		
Africa	11 0.5	0.7	Day to day activities				Sales and customer service occupations	52	5.3	8.8		
Middle East and Asia	18 0.9	2.2	Limited a lot	116	5.6	8.1	Process, plant and machine operatives	49	5.0	6.0		
Americas/Caribbean	15 0.7	0.8	Limited a little	177	8.6	9.4	Elementary occupations	101	10.2	11.5		
Other	16 0.8	0.4	Not limited	1,768	85.8	82.5						
16. Qualification	S		17. Provision of unpaid	care			18. Approximate Social Grade					
	Persons %	Stir %		Persons	%	Stir %		Persons	3 %	Stir %		
All residents 16+	1,586		All residents	2,061			All H'hold Reference Persons 16 to 64	596		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
O Grade, St. Grade	299 18.9	20.5	Provides no unpaid care	1,866	90.5	90.8	AB - Higher & intermediate managerial/	105	31.0	25.8		
Highers, ONC SVQ 3	243 15.3	16.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	127	6.2	5.5		185	31.0	25.8		
HND, HNC, SVQ 4	193 12.2	8.7	Provides 20 - 34 hours per week	13	0.6	0.8	C1 - Supervisory, clerical, junior	170	29.0	31.4		
			Provides 35 - 49 hours per week		0.7	0.7	managerial/administative/professional	1/3	∠9.0	31.4		
First/ Higher degree,	580 36.6	33.3	Provides 50 or more hrs/ week	40	1.9	2.2	_	133	22.3	19.9		
professional qual.							DE - Semi-skilled, unskilled manual; on			000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
No qualifications	271 17.1	21.3					benefits, unemployed, lowest grade	106	17.7	22.9		

Stirling Council area and Scotland

1. Key statistics 2. Age structure						3. Household composition						
Stirling Council area			Persons % Scot %				H'holds % S					
Resident population	90,24	7	0 to 4	4,415	4.9	5.5	1 person household pensioner			13.0	13.1	
Males	43,24	0	5 to 11	6,914		7.2	2 1 person household non-pensioner			17.6 4.5		
Females	47,00		12 to 15	4,686	5.2	4.6	1 adult plus	1 adult plus children			5.3	
Area	2,196	km²	16 to 24	12,638	14.0	11.9	2 adults* or	2 adults* or 2 adults 65+, no children			11.7	
Persons per square km	41		25 to 44	21,408		26.5	•	2 adults plus children			14.0	
Occupied households	37,56	6	45 to 64	24,653		27.5	2 adults no	7,307				
2nd residence/ holiday home	555		65 to 84	13,702		14.8		dults plus children	1,663 4,435			
Vacant households	852		85+	1,831	2.0	2.0		3 or more adults no children				
In Communal Establishments	3,932	person		90,247				e under 65 and one 65+				
4. Household tenure			5. House type				6. Hous			8		
H'holds	8	Scot %		H'holds	%	Scot %			H'holds		Scot %	
Owner occupied 24,878	8-	62.0	House or Bungalow				1 room		159	0.4	0.6	
Rented from Council 5,559	8-	13.2	Detached	12,537		22.1	2 rooms		887	2.4	3.5	
Other social rented* 1,910	5.1	11.1	Semi-detached	9,761	25.1	22.4	3 rooms	Rooms include kitchens,	3,817	10.2	13.5	
Private rented 4,060	10.8	11.1	Terraced (including end-terrace	6,385	16.4	18.6	4 rooms	living rooms, bedrooms,	8,994	23.9	29.2	
Other private rented 531	1.4	1.3	Flat, Maisonette or Apartment				5 rooms	utility rooms and studies. Excludes bathrooms,	9,201	24.5	24.3	
Living rent free 628	1.7	1.3	Purpose built flats/tenement	8,806	22.6	34.4	6 rooms	toilets, halls or landings.	4,746	12.6	12.2	
Total 37,566	Total 37,566			1,090	2.8	1.8	7 rooms	tonets, nans or randings.	3,555	9.5	7.1	
	* Registered Social Landlord, Housing			310	8.0	0.5	8+ rooms		6,207	16.5	9.6	
	Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable			84	0.2	0.2	Too few roo	2,569	6.8	9.0		
Trust and non-profit housing compa	any		Total	38,973		c	Average number of rooms per household 5.4 4.9					
7. Car availability			8. Travel to work					-term health condition				
H'holds	%	Scot %		Persons	%	Scot %			Persons	%	Scot %	
Households with no car 8,372	22.3	30.5	Train	1,616	4.1	3.7	All people				00000000	
Households with 1 car 15,642	41.6	42.3	Bus, minibus or coach	1,942	4.9	10.0	No condition		64,779	71.8	70.1	
Households with 2 cars 10,630	28.3	21.6	Car or van - driving	23,688	60.2	56.0	One or more conditions		25,468	28.2	29.9	
Households with 3 cars 2,230	5.9	4.3	Car or van - passenger	2,137	5.4	5.8	Deafness o	partial hearing loss	5,965	6.6	6.6	
Households with 4+ car 692	1.8	1.3	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	60	0.2	0.3	Blindness o	r partial sight loss	1,965	2.2	2.4	
	2		Bicycle	446	1.1	1.4	Learning dis	sability (e.g. Down's Syndrome)	395	0.4	0.5	
All cars or vans in area 46,728			Foot	3,581	9.1	9.9	Learning dif	ficulty (e.g. Dyslexia)	1,882	2.1	2.0	
			Other	491	1.2	2.0	Developme	nt disorder (e.g. Autistic Spectrum	1) 443	0.5	0.6	
			Working mainly at or from hom	5,406	13.7	10.8	Physical dis	ability	5,535	6.1	6.7	
						,	Mental healt	h condition	3,319	3.7	4.4	
			ll people 16-74 in employment the week before Censu				Other condit	ion	15,763	17.5	18.7	

10. Ethnic group	o/ Reli	gion		11. Economic activity				12. Employment by industry					
	Persons	%	Scot %	Persons % Scot %					Persons	8 %	Scot %		
All residents	90,247			All persons 16 to 74	67,240			All persons 16 to 74 in employment	42,171				
White	87,390	96.8	96.0	Economically Active				Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1,056	2.5	2.0		
Asian	2,062	2.3	2.7	Employed full-time	24,664	36.7	39.6	Administrative and support activities	1,779	4.2	4.3		
African/ Caribbean	262	0.3	0.7	Employed part-time	8,463	12.6	13.4	Manufacturing	2,569	6.1	7.7		
Other/ mixed	533	0.6	0.6	Self-employed	6,240	9.3	7.5	Construction	3,633	8.6	8.0		
				Unemployed	2,596	3.9	4.8	Wholesale and retail trade	6,277	14.9	1		
Religion				Full-time student	3,768	5.6	3.7	Finance and insurance and Real estate	2,517	6.0	5.7		
Church of Scotland	31,552	1	32.4	Economically Inactive				Professional, scientific and technical	2,206	5.2	5.2		
Roman Catholic	11,140	12.3	15.9	Retired	10,141	15.1	14.9	Public administration and defence	2,957	7.0	7.0		
Other Christian	5,511	6.1	5.5	Student	5,108	7.6	5.5	Education	4,304	10.2	8.4		
Other Religion	1,493	1.7	2.6	Looking after home or family	2,197	3.3	3.6	Health and social work	5,750	13.6	15.0		
No religion	34,152	37.8	36.7	Long-term sick or disabled	2,788	4.1	5.1	Accommodation and food services	3,500	8.3	6.3		
Not answered	6,399	7.1	7.0	Other	1,275	1.9	1.9	Other	5,623	13.4	15.4		
13. Country of b	irth			14. Health/ Limiting condition				15. Occupation					
	Persons	%	Scot %		Persons	%	Scot %		Persons	s %	Scot %		
All residents	90,247			All residents	90,247			All persons 16 to 74 in employment	42,171				
Scotland	71,994	79.8	83.3	Very good health	50,341	55.8	52.5	Managers, directors and senior officials	4,669	11.1	8.4		
England	10,588	11.7	8.7	Good health	26,124	29.0	29.7	Professional occupations	8,434	20.0	16.8		
Rest of UK	1,261	1.4	1.0	Fair health	9,709	10.8	12.2	Associate professional and technical	5,361	12.7	12.7		
Republic of Ireland	360	0.4	0.4	Bad health	3,131	3.5	4.3	Administrative and secretarial occupations	4,047	9.6	11.4		
EU Accession	975	1.1	1.4	Very bad health	942	1.0	1.3	Skilled trades	4,932	11.7	12.5		
Europe other	1,430	1.6	1.3			,		Caring, leisure and other occupations	3,654	8.7	9.7		
Africa	606	0.7	0.9	Day to day activities				Sales and customer service occupations	3,690	8.8	9.3		
Middle East and Asia	1,954	2.2	2.0	Limited a lot	7,341	8.1	9.6	Process, plant and machine operatives	2,533	6.0	7.7		
Americas and Caribbea	754	8.0	0.6	Limited a little	8,482	9.4	10.1	Elementary occupations	4,851	11.5	11.6		
Other	325	0.4	0.3	Not limited	74,424	82.5	80.3				•		
16. Qualification	S			17. Provision of unpaid care				18. Approximate Social Grade					
	Persons	%	Scot %		Persons		Scot %		Persons	s %	Scot %		
All residents 16+	74,232			All residents	90,247			All Household Reference Persons 16 to 64	27,259				
O Grade, St. Grade	15,179	20.5	23.1	Provides no unpaid care	81,982	90.8	90.7	AB - Higher and intermediate managerial/	7,027	25.8	18.6		
Highers, ONC SVQ 3	12,035	16.2	14.3	Provides 1 - 19 hours per week	4,909	5.5	5.2	administrative/ professional					
HND, HNC, SVQ 4	6,479	8.7	9.7	Provides 20 - 34 hours per wee		8.0	0.9	C1 - Supervisory, clerical, junior managerial/	8,569	31.4	31.7		
First/ Higher degree,			00.4	Provides 35 - 49 hours per wee		0.7	8.0	administrative/professional					
professional qual.	24,721	33.3	26.1	Provides 50 or more hrs/ week		2.2	2.5	C2 - Skilled manual workers	5,424	19.9	21.9		
No qualifications	15,818	21.3	26.8			-		DE - Semi-skilled, unskilled manual; on state					
1	-,	- 1						benefits, unemployed, lowest grade workers		22.9	27.8		

Definitions

Note: In order to protect against disclosure of personal information, some Census records are swapped between different geographic areas. Some values will be affected, particularly small values at the most detailed geographies.

- **1. Key Statistics** *Household*: is one person living alone; or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address who share cooking facilities and share a living room or sitting room or dining area. A *communal establishment* is defined as an establishment providing managed residential accommodation. Managed means full-time or part-time supervision of the accommodation for example, prisons, large hospitals, hotels, student halls of residence.
- 2. Age structure Age is derived from the date of birth question and is a person's age on 27th March 2011. Dates of birth that imply an age over 115 were treated as invalid. Infants less than one year old were classed as being 0 years of age. Individual years and gender breakdown for Community Council areas are available on request.
- 3. Household composition The figure for '1 adult plus children' may include a small number of households with no adults.
- **4. Household tenure** Tenure provides information about whether a household rents or owns the accommodation that it occupies and, if rented, combines this with information about the type of landlord who owns or manages the accommodation. *Owner occupied*: covers owned outright, owned with mortgage or loan and shared ownership, part owned and part rented. *Private rented*: includes rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer of a household member, relative or friend of a household member, or other non-Social rented.
- **5. House type** *Terraced*: covers end-terrace. *Part of a converted or shared house:* includes bed-sits. *Other:* includes caravan or other mobile temporary structure.
- **6. Household size by number or rooms** Occupancy rating provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded (too few rooms per resident) or under-occupied. It compares the actual number of rooms available to a household and a notional measure of the number of rooms required given the number, age and relationships of the people in the household.
- 7. Car availability The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It includes company cars and vans available for private use.
- **8. Travel to work** Method of travel to work is defined as the method used for the longest part, by distance, of usual journey.
- 9. Long-term health condition lasted or expected to last at least 12 months.
- **10. Ethnic composition**/ **Religion** *Ethnic group* classifies people according to their own perceived ethnic group and cultural background. *Religion* is a person's current religious denomination or body that they belong to. No determination is made about whether a person was a practising member of a religion
- **11. Economic activity** relates to whether or not a person aged 16 and over was working or looking for work in the week before the census. Rather than a simple indicator of whether or not someone was currently in employment, it provides a measure of whether or not a person was an active participant in the labour market.

- **12. Employment by industry** The industry in which a person works relates to their main job and is derived from information provided on the main activity of their employer or business.
- **13. Country of birth** The grouping of countries within the classification is broadly regional, but takes into account the grouping of European Union (EU) countries. Countries in the EU are grouped into those that were EU members in March 2001, and those that became members (accession countries) between April 2001 and March 2011 as part of the EU enlargement process.
- 14. Health/ Limiting condition General health is a self-assessment of a person's general state of health. People were asked to assess whether their health was very good, good, fair, bad or very bad. This assessment is not based on a person's health based over any specified period of time. Limiting condition is defined as day to day activities being limited because of a health problem or disability which has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. This includes problems that are related to old age. People were asked to assess whether their daily activities were limited a lot or a little by such a health problem, or whether their daily activities were not limited at all.
- 15. Occupation A person's occupation relates to their main job and is derived from either their job title or details of the activities involved in their job.
- **16. Qualifications** Highest level of qualification achieved. <u>Level 1</u>: 0 Grade, Standard Grade, Access 3 Cluster, Intermediate 1 or 2, GCSE, CSE, Senior Certification or equivalent; GSVQ Foundation or Intermediate, SVQ level 1 or 2, SCOTVEC Module, City and Guilds Craft or equivalent. <u>Level 2</u>: SCE Higher Grade, Higher, Advanced Higher, CSYS, A Level, AS Level, Advanced Senior Certificate or equivalent; GSVQ Advanced, SVQ level 3, ONC, OND, SCOTVEC National Diploma, City and Guilds Advanced Craft or equivalent. <u>Level 3</u>: HNC, HND, SVQ level 4 or equivalent. <u>Level 4</u>: and above: Degree, Postgraduate qualifications, Masters, PhD, SVQ level 5 or equivalent; Professional qualifications (for example, teaching, nursing, accountancy).
- 17. Provision of unpaid care A person is a provider of unpaid care if they look after or give help or support to family members, friends, neighbours because of long-term physical or mental ill health or disability, or problems related to old age. This does not include any activities as part of paid employment. No distinction is made about whether any care that a person provides is within their own household or outside the household, so no explicit link can be made about whether the care provided is for a person within the household who has poor general health or a long-term health problem or disability.
- **18. Approximate Social Grade** Social grade is the socio-economic classification used by the Market Research and Marketing Industries, most often in the analysis of spending habits and consumer attitudes. The Market Research Society (https://www.mrs.org.uk/cgg/social_grade) has developed a method for using census information to provide a good approximation of social grade. The concept of a *Household Reference Person* (HRP) was introduced to replace the traditional concept of the 'head of the household'. HRPs provide an individual person within a household to act as a reference point for producing further derived statistics and for characterising a whole household according to characteristics of the chosen reference person.